## Chapter 1: Mathematical Modeling, Functions, & Change 1.4 – FUNCTIONS REPRESENTED BY GRAPHS

Name:

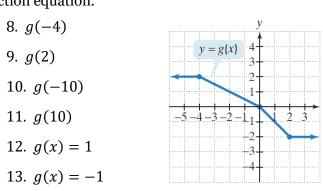


Use the graph to evaluate each function or solve the function equation.

y = f(x)

2

- 1. *f*(−2)
- 2. *f*(4)
- 3. *f*(0)
- 4. *f*(−3)
- 5. f(x) = -4
- 6. f(x) = 0
- 7. Identify the domain and range of f(x).



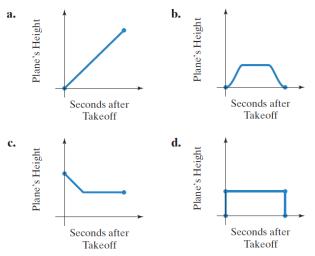
14. Identify the domain and range of g(x).

Each graph shows the amount of snowfall as a function of the time. Match the story with the correct graph.

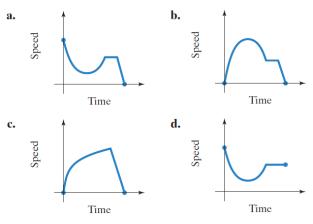
- 15. As the blizzard got worse, the snow fell harder and harder.
- 16. The snow fell more and more softly.
- 17. It snowed hard, but then it stopped. After a short time, the snow started falling softly.
- 18. It snowed softly, and then it stopped. After a short time, the snow starting falling hard.

Select the graph that best illustrates each story.

19. It took three flights for my family and I to travel to Dublin. On the first flight, we departed from Phoenix and flew to Toronto.



20. You begin your bike ride by riding down a hill. Then you ride up another hill. Finally you ride along a level surface before coming to a stop.



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- 21. Every morning Tom walks along a straight road from his home to a bus stop. The graph shows his journey on one particular day.
  - a. Identify the following:

Input/independent quantity:

Output/dependent quantity:

Practical domain:

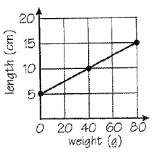
Practical range:

b. Which of the following intervals was Tom walking at the greatest speed? What was his speed during the interval?

(0,50) (50,70) (70,100) (100,120)

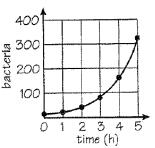
- c. Describe Tom's journey.
- 22. Suppose you are suspending weights from a spring. The length of the spring, *L*, is a function of the amount of weight, *w*, suspended from it.

Solve and interpret: L(w) = 10



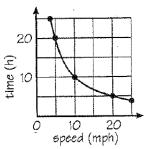
24. Suppose you observe a colony of bacteria. At first there are 10 bacteria, but the number doubles every hour. The total number of bacteria, *B*, is a function of time, *t* (in hours).

After five hours, there are 320 bacteria. What is the average rate of increase in the number of bacteria each hour?



23. Suppose you plan to ride a bike 100 miles. The time, *T*, to complete the trip is a function of your average speed, *s*.

Evaluate and interpret: T(20)



25. Suppose you are standing on a cliff overlooking the ocean, 100 feet above the water surface. You drop a rock. The rock's height (*h*) above the water is a function of time, *t*.

Determine the rock's rate of change over each of the intervals below. During what interval was the rock's speed the greatest.

