$\qquad$ Period $\qquad$
Determine the equation of the axis of symmetry and the coordinates of the vertex WITHOUT graphing or completing the square. (Refer to page 778 in your Chapter 12 text.)

1) $f(x)=2 x^{2}+6 x-9$
2) $f(x)=-3 x^{2}+6 x+7$

Determine the roots of each quadratic equation by completing the square. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth. (If necessary, refer to the 12.7 example "Determining the Roots of a Quadratic Equation by the Completing the Square" in the Chapter 12 Summary.)
3) $v^{2}+6 v-3=-6$
4) $x^{2}-16 x-57=3$
5) $a^{2}+4 a-95=-10$
6) $m^{2}-10 m-80=4$

Solve each quadratic equation by taking square roots. Rewrite the roots in radical form. DO NOT APPROXIMATE. (If necessary, refer to the $\mathbf{1 2 . 6}$ example, "Extracting Square Roots to Solve Equations" in the Chapter 12 Summary.)
7) $6 x^{2}=480$
8) $x^{2}-10=62$

Determine the roots of each quadratic equation via factoring and the Zero Product Property. (If necessary, refer to the $\mathbf{1 2 . 4}$ example "Solving Quadratic Equations Using Factoring" in the Chapter 12 Summary.)
9) $5 x^{2}=-16+24 x$
10) $6 x^{2}+5=17 x$

