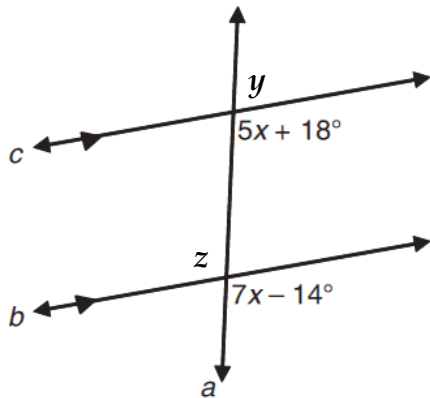


**2.REV.2 – Lessons 2.4 – 2.10**

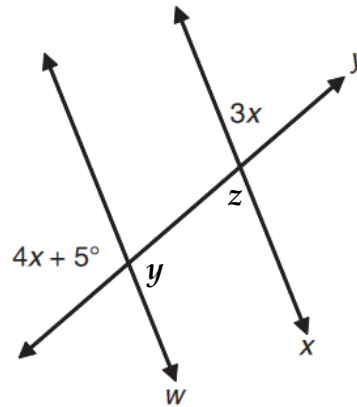
Set up and solve an equation to find the value of the variables:  $x$ ,  $y$ , and  $z$ .

1.  $b \parallel c$



$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $y =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $z =$  \_\_\_\_\_

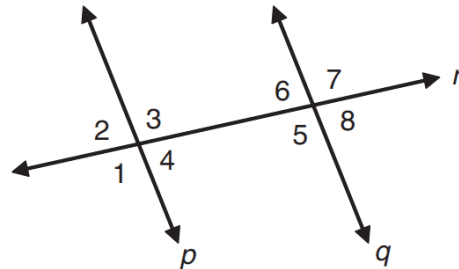
2.  $w \parallel x$



$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $y =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $z =$  \_\_\_\_\_

3. In the figure,  $m\angle 1 = (7x - 12)^\circ$ ,  $m\angle 3 = (6x + 4)^\circ$ , &  $m\angle 8 = (5x)^\circ$ .

a. Find the value of  $x$  that shows that  $p \parallel q$ . Explain your reasoning.



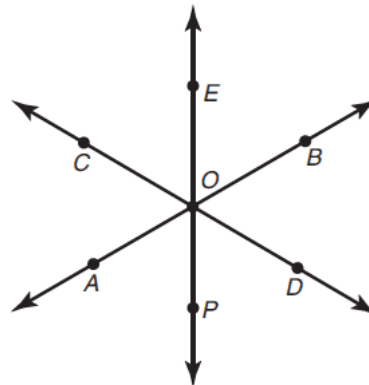
b. Find the measure of each numbered angle:

$m\angle 1 =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $m\angle 2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $m\angle 3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $m\angle 4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$m\angle 5 =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $m\angle 6 =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $m\angle 7 =$  \_\_\_\_\_  $m\angle 8 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

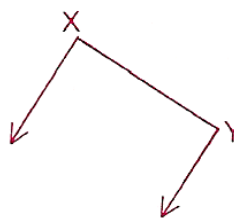
4. The figure shows intersecting lines. Which choice shows vertical angles?

- a.  $\angle COE$  and  $\angle BOD$
- b.  $\angle COE$  and  $\angle EOD$
- c.  $\angle EOB$  and  $\angle AOP$
- d.  $\angle AOC$  and  $\angle COE$

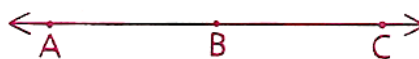


What conclusion can be made from the given information?

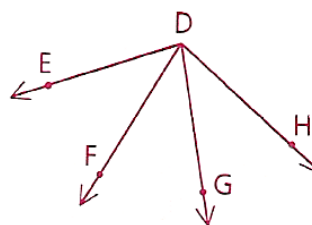
5. Given:  $\angle X$  is a right angle  
 $\angle Y$  is a right angle



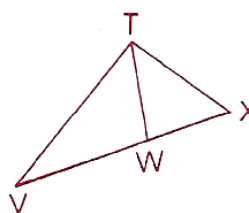
6. Given:  $B$  is the midpoint of  $\overline{AC}$



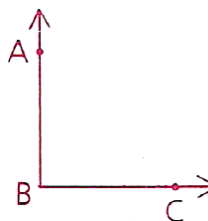
7. Given:  $\overrightarrow{DF}$  &  $\overrightarrow{DG}$  trisect  $\angle EDH$



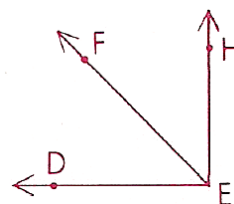
8. Given:  $\overrightarrow{TW}$  bisects  $\angle VTX$



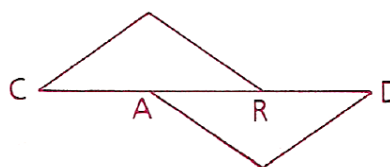
9. Given:  $\overrightarrow{AB} \perp \overrightarrow{BC}$



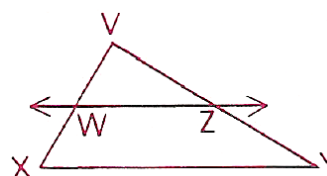
10. Given:  $\angle DEH$  is a right angle



11. Given:  $A$  and  $R$  trisect  $\overline{CD}$

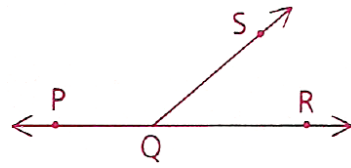


12. Given:  $\overrightarrow{WZ}$  bisects  $\overline{VY}$



## TWO-COLUMN PROOF PROBLEMS:

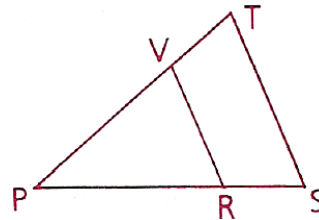
13. Given: Diagram as shown  
 Prove:  $\angle PQS$  is supp. to  $\angle SQR$



Statements

Reasons

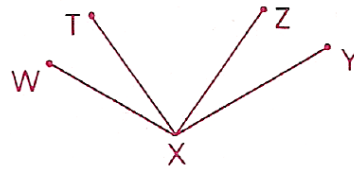
14. Given:  $\overline{PV} \cong \overline{PR}$   
 $\overline{VT} \cong \overline{RS}$   
 Prove:  $\overline{PT} \cong \overline{PS}$



Statements

Reasons

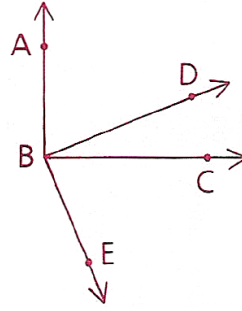
15. Given:  $\angle WXT \cong \angle YXZ$   
 Prove:  $\angle WXZ \cong \angle YXT$



Statements

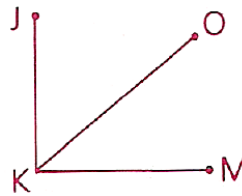
Reasons

16. Given:  $\angle ABC$  is a right angle  
 $\angle DBE$  is a right angle  
 Prove:  $\angle ABD \cong \angle CBE$



Statements	Reasons

17. Given:  $\overline{JK} \perp \overline{KM}$   
 Prove:  $\angle JKO$  is comp. to  $\angle OKM$



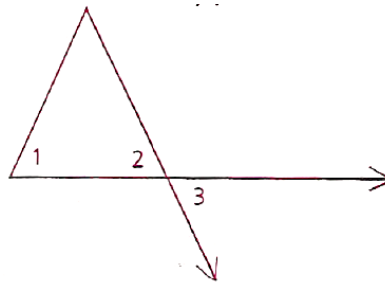
Statements	Reasons

18. Given:  $\angle A$  is supp. to  $\angle D$   
 $\angle A \cong \angle C$   
 Prove:  $\angle C$  is supp. to  $\angle D$



Statements	Reasons

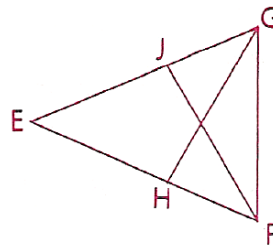
19. Given:  $\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$   
 Prove:  $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$



Statements

Reasons

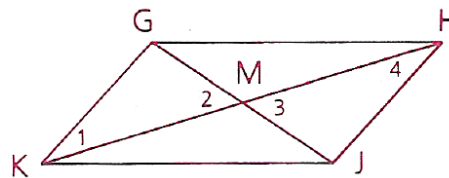
20. Given:  $\angle EGF \cong \angle EFG$   
 $\angle EGH \cong \angle EFJ$   
 Prove:  $\angle HGF \cong \angle JFG$



Statements

Reasons

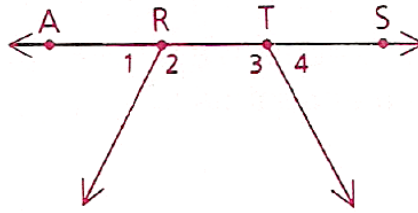
21. Given:  $\angle 1$  is comp. to  $\angle 3$   
 $\angle 4$  is comp. to  $\angle 2$   
 Prove:  $\angle 1 \cong \angle 4$



Statements

Reasons

22. Given: Diagram as shown  
 $\angle 1 \cong \angle 4$   
 Prove:  $\angle 2 \cong \angle 3$



Statements

Reasons

**EXTRA CREDIT:**

Given:  $\overline{XY} \perp \overline{YW}$

$\overline{AB} \perp \overline{BC}$

Find:  $m\angle DBC$

