

3.1 – Vertical & Horizontal Shifts

Describe the transformation(s) used on $f(x) = x^2$ to create $g(x)$.

1. $g(x) = x^2 - 3$

2. $g(x) = (x + 4)^2$

3. $g(x) = (x - 1)^2 + 3$

4. $g(x) = (x + 50)^2 - 279$

5. The graph of $f(x)$ contains the point $(3, -4)$. What point must be on the graph of...

a. $f(x) + 5$?

b. $f(x + 5)$?

c. $f(x - 3) - 2$?

6. The domain of the function $g(x)$ is $(-3, 10)$. What is the domain of $g(x + 2)$?

7. The range of the function $h(x)$ is $[-38, 50]$. What is the range of $h(x) + 32$?

8. The graph of $g(x)$ contains the point $(-2, 5)$. Write a formula for a translation of g whose graph contains the point...

a. $(-2, 8)$

b. $(0, 5)$

c. $(3, 4)$

9. Match the graphs a – f with the formulas in i – vi.

(i) $y = |x|$

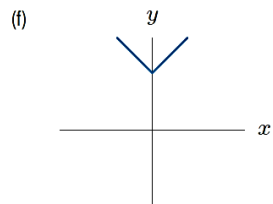
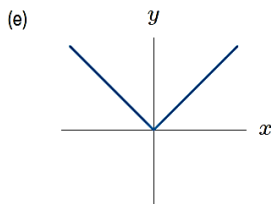
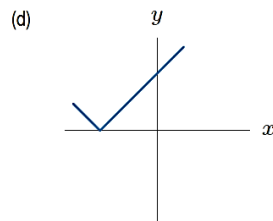
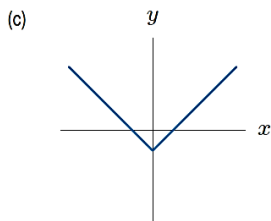
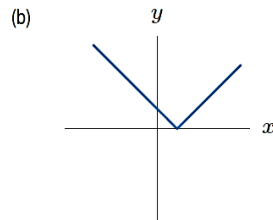
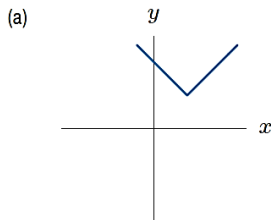
(ii) $y = |x| - 1.2$

(iii) $y = |x - 1.2|$

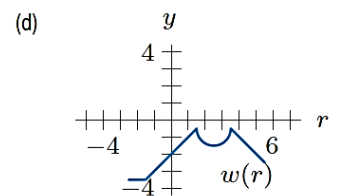
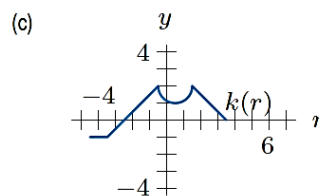
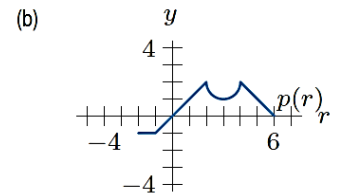
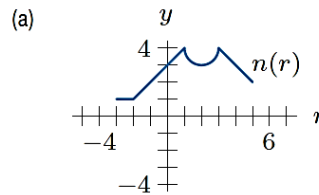
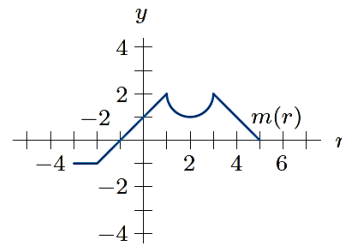
(iv) $y = |x| + 2.5$

(v) $y = |x + 3.4|$

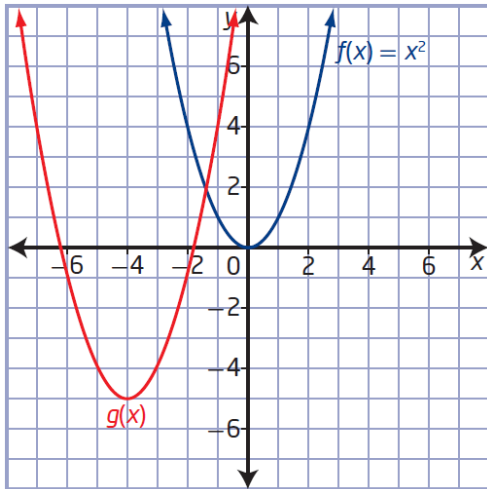
(vi) $y = |x - 3| + 2.7$



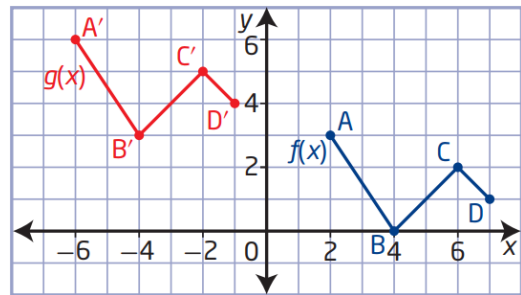
10. The graph of $y = m(r)$ is shown (below). Each of the graphs (a – d) is a translation of $y = m(r)$. Write a formula, in terms of $m(r)$, for each of these graphs.



11. Describe the translation that has been applied to the graph of $f(x)$. Give a formula, in terms of f , for the graph of the function $g(x)$.



12. Describe the translation that has been applied to the graph of $f(x)$. Give a formula, in terms of f , for the graph of the function $g(x)$.



13. Use the graph of $f(x)$ to find a possible formula for the transformation of f shown.

