Name:	

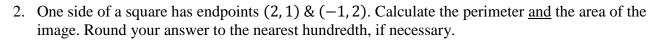
Past due on: _____

Period:

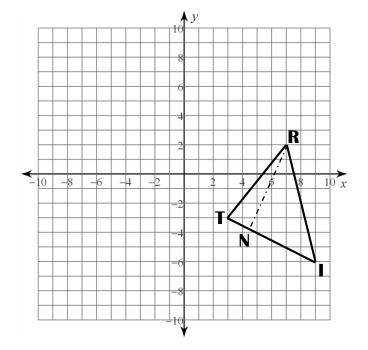
3.REV.1 – End of Chapter Review

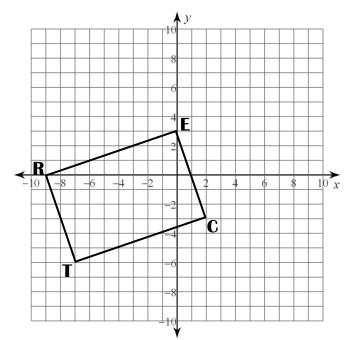
Show all work on a separate sheet of paper.

- 1. Rectangle *RECT* is given on the coordinate plane.
 - a. Translate *RECT* so that one vertex of the image is located at the origin and label the vertices of the translated image.
 - b. Calculate the perimeter <u>and</u> the area of the image. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.



- 3. Triangle *TRI* is given on the coordinate plane; its base has been identified: \overline{TI}
 - a. Determine the coordinates of *N*. *Refer to the steps on page 243.*
 - b. What is the height of triangle *TRI*?
 - c. Calculate the area of triangle *TRI*. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.

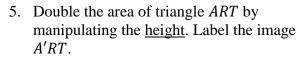




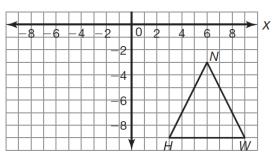
Show all work on a separate sheet of paper.

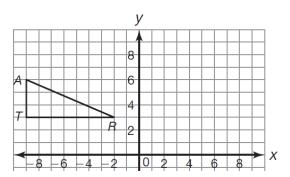
4. Double the area of triangle *HNW* by manipulating the <u>base</u>. Label the image *H'NW*.

Calculate the area of the pre-image and the image to verify your solution.

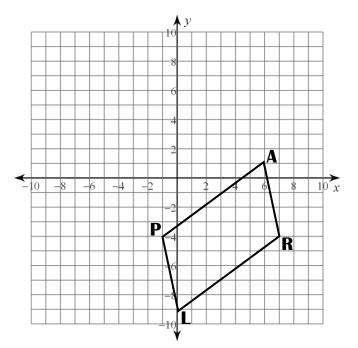


Calculate the area of the pre-image and the image to verify your solution.



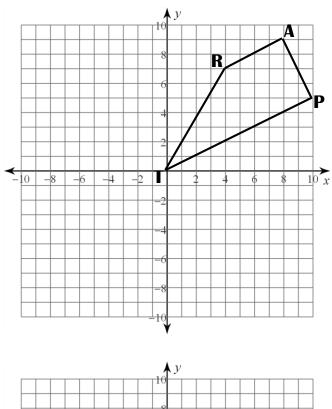


- 6. Polygon *VWXYZ* has 5 congruent sides and is graphed on the coordinate plane. The polygon has points X(2, 2) & Y(5, -5). What is the perimeter of *VWXYZ*? Round your answer to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.
- 7. Parallelogram *PARL* is given on the coordinate plane.
 - a. Calculate the perimeter of parallelogram *PARL*. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.
 - b. Use the boxing method to determine the area of parallelogram *PARL*.



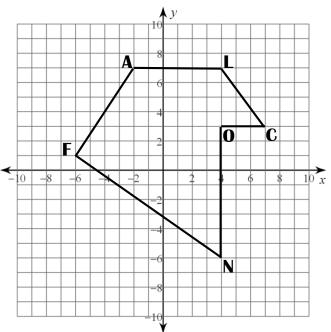
Show all work on a separate sheet of paper.

- 8. Trapezoid *TRAP* is given on the coordinate plane.
 - a. Calculate the perimeter of trapezoid *TRAP*. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.
 - b. Use the slope formula to show that \overline{AP} is the height of trapezoid *TRAP*.
 - c. Calculate the area of trapezoid *TRAP*. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.



9. The composite figure *FALCON* is given on the coordinate plane.

Calculate the perimeter <u>and</u> the area of the figure. Round your answers to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.



Show all work on a separate sheet of paper.

EXTRA CREDIT

Calculate the perimeter <u>and</u> the area of the figure. Round your answers to the nearest hundredth, if necessary.

All work *must* be shown for credit.

