$\qquad$
$\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$
Determine an exponential function of the form $y=a(r \pm 1)^{t}$ that satisfies the given conditions. Refer to the 5.2 example "Writing \& Solving Equations for Population Problems" in the Chapter 5 Summary.

1. The cost of tuition at a college is $\$ 12,000$ and is increasing at a rate of $6 \%$ per year.
2. The value of a car is $\$ 18,000$ and is depreciating at a rate of $12 \%$ per year.
3. The amount of a $10-\mathrm{mg}$ dose of a certain antibiotic decreases in your bloodstream at a rate of $16 \%$ per hour.
4. The number of student-athletes at a local high school is 300 and is increasing at a rate of $8 \%$ per year.
5. The new savings account starts at $\$ 700$ and increases at $1.2 \%$ yearly.
6. The value of a book is $\$ 58$ and decreases at a rate of $10 \%$ per year.

Each coordinate plane shows the graph of $f(x)$. Sketch the graph of $g(x)$. Identify the $y$-intercept, asymptote, domain, and range for the function. Refer to the 5.2 example "Graphing \& Analyzing Exponential Functions" and the 5.3 example "Translating Linear \& Exponential Functions in Terms of the Basic Function" in the Chapter 5 Summary.
7. $g(x)=f(x)+4$

$y$-intercept: $\qquad$
asymptote: $\qquad$
domain: $\qquad$
range: $\qquad$
$y$-intercept: $\qquad$
asymptote: $\qquad$
domain: $\qquad$
range: $\qquad$

Chapter 5: Exponential Functions

Each graph shows the function $g(x)$ as a translation of the function $f(x)$. Write the equation of $g(x)$.
9.

10.


Examine the output pattern to determine whether the situation can be represented by linear function or an exponential function.
11.

| $\boldsymbol{x}$ | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\boldsymbol{y}$ | -1 | -0.5 | 0 | 0.5 | 1 |

12. 

| $\boldsymbol{x}$ | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\boldsymbol{y}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | 1 | 5 | 25 | 125 |

13. 

| $\boldsymbol{x}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\boldsymbol{y}$ | 512 | 128 | 32 | 8 | 2 |

14. 

| $\boldsymbol{x}$ | -5 | -4 | -3 | -2 | -1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\boldsymbol{y}$ | 12 | 9 | 6 | 3 | 0 |

Write an exponential function of the form $y=a(b)^{x}$.

| 15. | $x$ | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $y$ | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 |

17. 

| $x$ | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | $\frac{1}{81}$ | $\frac{1}{27}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ | 1 |

18. 

| $x$ | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 1 | 2 |

Simplify the expression using the product/power rules. Your answer cannot contain any negative exponents. Refer to the Properties of Exponents on your Chapter 5 Summary Sheet.
19. $\left(-2 x y^{4} z^{2}\right)^{3}$
20. $(4 x y z)\left(x^{2} y^{3}\right)$
21. $\left(4 a^{2}\right)\left(-2 a^{3}\right)^{4}$

