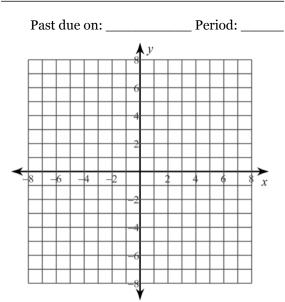
6.1 \sim PARALLELOGRAMS ON THE COORDINATE PLANE

Three vertices of parallelogram *ABCD* are *B*(-3, 3), *C*(2, 7), & *D*(5, 1). Graph these vertices. Use slopes to find the coordinates of vertex *A*.

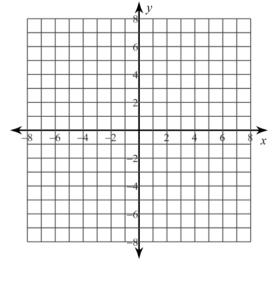


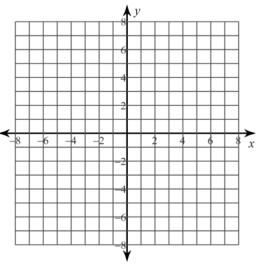
Show that the quadrilateral, with the given vertices, is a parallelogram using the indicated method. *SHOW ALL WORK.*

 $m_{KL} =$

 $m_{MI} =$

2. *J*(−1, 0), *K*(−3, 7), *L*(2, 6), & *M*(4, −1) Definition of parallelogram



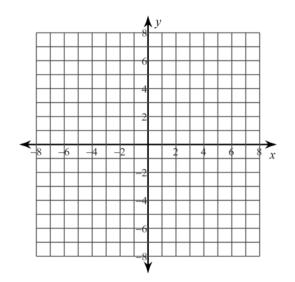


3. *R*(−1,−5), *S*(−2,−1), *T*(4,−1), & *U*(5,−5) The diagonals bisect each other

 $m_{JK} =$

 $m_{LM} =$

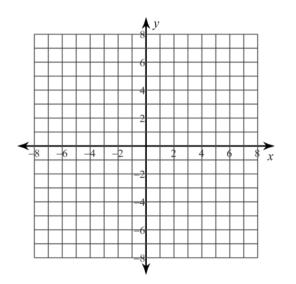
4. W(−5, −2), X(−3, 3), Y(3, 5), & Z(1, 0)
One pair of opposite sides are both parallel & congruent



$$m_{WX} = m_{YZ} =$$

 $WX = YZ =$

5. *A*(2,2), *B*(1,−3), *C*(−4,2), & *D*(−3,7) Both pairs of opposite sides are congruent



$$AB = BC =$$

 $CD = DA =$